General News Summary.

Interesting Home and Foreign News.

CONGRESSIONAL.

During the executive session of the senate on the 25th an agreement was reached that a vote on the ratification of the peace treaty should be taken on February 6 at 3 p. m. No business of importance was transacted during the open session... The feature of the debate in the house on the army reorganization bill was a flerce and vigorous speech by Mr. Johnson (rep., Ind.) on the administration's policy regarding the Philippines, and an equally brilliant defense of the administration by Mr. Dolliver (rep., Ia.)

In the senate on the 26th uit Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, offered an amendment to the pension appropriation bill providing for pensioning ex-Confederate soldiers. Then he delivered a lengthy speech in defense of the pol-CONGRESSIONAL.

livered a lengthy speech in defense of the pol-lcy and acts of the southern people during the clyll war...The notable feature of the debate in the house on the army reorganization bill was a speech by Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, who declared that the present situation in the Philippines was due to the opposition in this country to the ratification of the peace treaty. He announced that the future of the islands was a

matter for congress to decide. In the senate on the 27th ult. Mr. Platt, of In the senate on the 27th uit. Air. Patt, of New York, made a lengthy speech in favor of the ratification of the peace treaty. The pen-sion appropriation bill was passed. In the house the general debate on the army reorgan-ization bill was finished and the bill was taken

up for amendment. The clause providing for a lieutenant general was stricken out. The senate on the 28th ult. passed the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill after a somewhat lively discussion of the nigrardly policy pursued in regard to our consular serv-ice. The remainder of the day was devoted to a debate, in executive session, of the treaty of pence.... The house discussed the army reor-panization bill until 2 o'clock, when culories of the late Representative Simpkins, of Massa-chusetts, were pronounced, after which the house adjourned.

The senate on the 30th ult. spent the entire day in discussing the peace treaty. The main feature of the debate was an earnest address by Mr. Carter, of Montana, in advocacy of the ratification of the treaty... The house put in a hard day's work on the army bill and finished consideration of 13 of the bill's 20 pages.

DOMESTIC.

The bulletin of the American Iron and Steel association says the total production of pig iron in 1898 was 11,-733,934 gross tons, an increase of 2,121,-254 over 1897. The production of Bessemer pig iron in 1898 was 7,772,734 tons, an increase over 1897 of 1,541,800

The newly organized American Sugar Beet Co. will have a capital of \$20,-000,000. It will operate in the territory west of the Missouri river.

Hiram A. Goodman, a night watchman, surprised two men at work cracking the safe in the Standard Oil works at Newburgh, N. Y., on the night of the 25th. The men attacked Goodman, who lost his revolver and club and was almost beaten to death. The burglars escaped without any booty. Goodman is in a precarious condition.

Chicago will supply Europe with 10, 000 coach and bus horses. They are to come from different parts of Illinois and Iowa and will be shipped at the rate of 200 head a week. The first consignment left on the 27th ult. for London and Liverpool.

The departure of the supply ship So lace from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) navy yard for Manila with a cargo of merchandise and ammunition has again been postponed, but for what reason

Emil Reuter, a wholesale flour dealer of Brooklyn, N. Y., and his wife, Ida, died on the night of the 26th ult. They had attended a theater, and were on the way home when Mrs. Reuter fell to the sidewalk. She was taken into a house nearby and her husband went to tell a friend of his wife's death when he was stricken with apoplexy. The wife's death was caused by heart dis-

The sale of a seat on the New York stock exchange for \$38,000 is reported. This beats the record.

The longest power transmission system in the world, that which supplies the city of Los Angeles, Cal., with electricity, with power developed at the head of the Santa Ana river, 80 miles away, is completed. The system has occupied several years in building. The wires enter the city in underground conduits.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the New Jersey secretary of state of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co., with an authorized capital stock of \$50,000,000.

The pension bureau has granted a pension of \$12 a month to the widow of Chief Yeoman George H. Ellis, the only man in our navy killed at Santiago in the annihilation of Cervera's fleet. He was on the Brooklyn.

Business failures in the United States for the week ended January 27 numbered 224, as compared with 342 for the same period of 1898, and 33 in Canada, as against 34 for the same time

George Brown, a farmer living in Norwood, L. I., lost his life on the 28th ult, while rescuing his wife from their home, which was on fire.

Negotiations are in progress for the of New York into a single company, with a capital of \$50,000,000.

The bottom is being knocked out of prices on pressed glassware, and prices on all staple goods are being cut, in some instances as much as 10, 15 and even 25 per cent. Many firms have signified their intention of shutting down

their works. The Boston Herald Co. has been fined \$500 by Judge Bond in the superior court at Boston for publishing in a headline, in connection with an account of the trial of the city teaming fraud cases the words "guilt is evident." The publication of the headline was considered prejudicial to the

A review of the work of Mrs. Jane L. Stanford, as executrix of the estate of the late Senator Stanford, of California, shows that she handled property valued at \$24,869,245. The fees to which she was legally entitled on the 3 st ult. was marked by long speeches from M sars Herry, Teller and Platt (Conn.) A bill granting from one to two months pay to men who were temporarily in the naval service. amounted to \$357,768, but she waived all claims for her services. She paid her attorneys \$60,000.

A receiver has been appointed for the Farmers' Elevator Co., of St. Louis, which has made an assignment. The elevator, which is one of the largest in the city, has a capacity of 1,500,000

bushels. Prospects for an agreement between the British and American joint high commissioners on questions affecting Canada and the United States have greatly improved and it is expected that a complete agreement on all points will be reached early in Febru-

The steamer City of Seattle has returned to Seattle, Wash., from Lynn canal, having broken all records. made the trip to Skaguay and return

in 6 days, 17 hours and 40 minutes. The town of Breckenridge, Col., is ompletely isolated from the outside world because of a snow blockade. Fuel and provisions are getting low and much suffering from the lack of necessities must result.

The six-story building at Pittsburg occupied by the New York Biscuit Co. and the La Grosse Art Glass Co. was damaged by fire on the 31st ult. to the extent of \$75,000. Several firemen were injured by falling glass.

Conferences are being held in New York City looking towards the formation of a combine of wholesale grocers in the western states who do an annual business amounting to \$500,000 or more.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to donate \$100,000 for a library building for the state college at Bellefonte, Pa., providing the state will appropriate \$10,-000 annually for the maintenance of the library and museum to be connected with it.

Hon, Evan Jones, one of the most prominent figures in the populist pary, is dead at his home in Fort Worth, Tex. Mr. Jones was on the national populist ticket with Gen. Weaver in

William C. Hook, who has been appointed to succeed Judge Cassius G. Foster, of the United States district court for the district of Kansas, who recently resigned, is only 41 years of age and will enjoy the distinction of being the youngest man on the federal

The president has nominated Col. Asa B. Carey, assistant paymaster general, to be paymaster general with the rank of brigadier general.

Rev. Myron Winslow Reed, pastor of the Broadway Temple at Denver, Col., and at different times pastor of the Olivet Congregational church of Milwaukee; the First Presbyterian church of Indianapolis, and other churches in the east and south, died at Denver, Col., on the 30th ult.

Charles L. Beale died at Hudson, N. Y., on the 31st ult., aged 75. He was a republican member of the Twentysixth congress from New York City and was a presidential elector on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket in 1864.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

According to a dispatch from Port Arthur, the Russian post in the Liautong peninsula of China, bad water is causing terrible mortality among the Russian troops. Two hundred and fifteen died during November and De-

The secretary of the Porto Rican treasury estimates that the Spanish authorities made away with between 300,000 and 400,000 pesos of trust funds that were deposited in the treasury at San Juan.

The 250th anniversary of the execution of King Charles I. was celebrated on the 31st ult. by the Legitimist and Jacobin leagues in London and the British provinces.

LATER NEWS.

The worst blizzard experienced in years swept over the northern and western portions of Texas on the 31st ult., causing much suffering. Walter Mitchell, a wealthy cattleman of Clay county, was frozen to death. kinds of stock suffered severely, while reports from some quarters say cattle died in great numbers.

The great record of freight movement made on January 15 on the Pennsylvania railroad, when 89 trains passed eastward through Altoona, Pa., was broken on the 30th ult., when 91 trains passed eastward. At the same time there were from 50 to 70 westbound trains to be looked after and 35 passen-

The battleship Kearsarge has been given its first trial in the James river at Norfolk, Va., for the purpose of testing its propellers. The result was in every way satisfactory.

The French gov. ment is negotiating with French and British financiers for a loan of £8,000,000 to £10,000,000, to be devoted to army and navy pur-

Mayor Quiney, of Boston, has voluntarily reduced his salary from \$10,000 to \$9,250 per annum. Nearly 5,000 other employes of the city of Boston have had their salaries reduced and the annual saving to the municipal govern-

ment is expected to reach \$200,000. The report of the government reseipts and expenditures for January hows the receipts to have been about \$41,775,000 and the expenditures about consolidation of breweries in the city \$51,207,000, leaving a deficit for the

nonth of about \$9,500,000. There are now pending in the war lepartment six cases of American soldiers charged with manslaughter, and n two of these the death penalty has been imposed. Three have not yet assed under final review, so there is a possibility of a mitigation of the sen-

All records of ice travel on the Yukon river have been broken by the recent feat of the mounted police of the Northwest territory in bringing a big shipment of mail from Dawson to Skaguay in nine days and ten hours.

A snowslide a mile long near Cokeville, Wyo., buried several men and ten teams. All the men were taken out alive with the exception of Burt Man-

dy, who was dead when found. The debate on the peace treaty, in the senate during the war with Spain was passed....B: a vote of 168 yeas to 125 mays the army reor-ganization bill was passed by the house, the vote being divided on party lines.

EAGAN IS FOUND GUILTY.

Penalty for His Offense Is Dismissal

from the Army. Wahington, Jan. 30.—Gen. Eagan has been found guilty of the charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline and has been entenced to dismissal from the United States army, but with a recommendation from the court for the exercise of executive elemency. The court, having reached the conclusion that the ac-



GEN. CHARLES P. EAGAN. acused was guilty, had no choice in selecting a penalty, the regulations prescribing absolutely the one punish-

ment-dismissal-for the offense. Therefore the only hope for Gen. Ea-gan is in the direction of commutation, mitigation or disapproval. The president is the final reviewing

authority. It is his privilege to add to or take from the strength of the court's recommendation that elemency be shown.

MAD BEAR ON A TEAR.

Frenzied by an Ulcerated Tooth, He Creates a Panie in a Theater.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 30 .-- An enormous silver tip bear, frenzied with an ulcerated tooth, which its master was trying to extract, escaped from its cage in the Creighton theater yesterday and created a panic before being captured. In addition to frightening a number of persons, the big bear seriously hurt its master, Paul Batty, badly lacerated Stage Hand McDonald and tore the clothes off Jake Rosenthal, manager of the theater.

McDonald was assisting Batty to extract the tooth and a crowd of men and boys surrounded the cage of the animal, witnessing the operation. The brute was fastened down with chains and leather bands, but when the trainer touched the ulcerated tooth the bear gave a roar and burst his bonds like paper. With a sweep of his paw he threw Batty and McDonald to the floor and turned upon the crowd around the iron cage. They fled in every direction, but the cage was demolished in a moment.

Manager Rosenthal was climbing into the flies as the enraged beast passed his hiding place; he made one pass at the manager and, catching his frock coat, carried it completely away with him. He also tore the shoe from one of Rosenthal's feet and then passed on in pursuit of the crowd. In the maze of scenery back of the stage the bear vented his fury by demolishing everything in sight. By this time the trainer recovered sufficiently to direct the heating of irons to subdue the animal. His roars could be heard for blocks. He was finally driven into the cellar of the theater, where, surrounded by a row red hot irons, he submitted to being bound.

HE IS A MINING KING.

Montana's Legislature Elects W. A. Clark to the United States Senate.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 30,-The Mon tana legislature on Saturday elected Hon. W. A. Clark (dem.), of Butte, United States senator to succeed Hon. Lee Mantle. Mr. Clark is 60 years old and a native of Pennsylvania. In 1856 his parents moved to Iowa. He studied law, but never practiced. In 1862 he crossed the plains, locating at South Park, Col. Mr. Clark was one of the first to reach Bannock, Mont., on the discovery of gold there in 1863.

His Montana career began with merchandising, but he soon got into mining, in which most of his vast fortune was accumulated. Mr. Clark is the largest individual owner of copper mines and smelters in the world, his principal properties being in Butte, Mont, and Jerome, Ariz. He has extensive beet sugar interests in California and a large copper wire works at Elizabethport, N. J. He has a plantation of 32,000 acres in Mexico devoted to growing coffee, tea, tobacco and rubber. His net income for 1898 was not far from \$10,000,000.

Mr. Clark is a free silver man, and, although a democrat, is a protectionist as far as raw material is concerned.

A Chilly Trust.

Chicago, Jan. 30 .- An ice trust, including all of the big ice harvesters in the United States, is, according to the Chronicle, in process of formation. John Field, president of the Knickerbocker Ice Co., of Chicago, is said to be the active spirit in the effort to consolidate the ice companies of the country. The proposed trust will embrace all the harvests of the river and lake region of Maine and those of Wisconsin, from which two states the greater part of the ice crop of the country is gathered. By consolidating and the consequent wiping out of competition, it is claimed that profits will be increased.

Fatal Accident in a Tunnel,

Altoona, Pa., Jan. 30 .- Twenty-six track repairmen were working on railroad at the western opening of the Gallitzin tunnel Sunday afternoon when they heard the approach of a locomotive which was running west through the tunnel. The workmen all stepped from the north to the south The smoke in the tunnel prevented them from seeing the approaching locomotive, which, in order to avoid obstructions on the north track, was running on the south track. One man was instantly killed, one died in the hospital and 16 were injured.

HIS SECOND PROTEST.

Agonelllo Sends Another Letter to the State Department Concerning the

Philippine Question. Washington, Jan. 31.-Sixto Lopez, secretary to Agoncillo, the Philippine representative here, called at the state department yesterday and left another communication addressed to the secretary of state protesting against the attitude of our government towards the Filipino "republica." The terms of the protest do not go as far as an ultimatum. The same fate awaits this communication as that which befel its predecessor—it will be ignored. Accompanying the communication is a long memorial addressed to the senate containing an argument in opposition to the ratification of the treaty and which the envoy asks the president to send to that body.

The memorial to the senate is a long document and is a protest that this government has no jurisdiction, natural or acquired, through any of its agencies to adjudicate in any manner upon the rights of the Philippine country and its people. He refers to the "historical fact that a large number of my countrymen have never been subdued by Spanish power, and against their liberties the oppressive arm of Spain has never been able to sustain itself; that the remainder, because of their adhesion to the cause of liberty, have been in almost constant insurrection against the government of Spain, these conflicts existing continuously with greater or less fury for 100 years."

The impression, he continues, has been created in America that at the time of the declaration of war between America and Spain the Philippine revolution no longer existed. He quotes from communications from Consu General Williams at Manila and Mr. Pratt, as a result of which Agoncillo says that "without additional authority it must be evident to your honorable body that an extensive revolution existed in the Philippine islands at the time of the declaration of war by America against Spain.

The purpose of the Filipino patriots in conducting this revolution was, it is asserted, to secure the complete independence of their country, and in this effort they received the encouragement of the United States, and were never informed that the obtaining and preservation of such independence would be regarded as a hostile act by America, and they never believed their struggle in such a cause would lead to enormous aggregations of American armies and navies at their doors. Additional historical facts are here presented and quotations made from manifestos of the Filipinos and from other documents, from which, says the envoy, it must appear "that the Philip-pine nation had achieved its independence free from any danger of losing it at the hands of the Spaniards prior even to the signing of the protocol."

Spain having been driven away from the islands and the inhabitants having established a government satisfactory to themselves, and maintaining order throughout its territory, what justifieation, Agoncillo asks, can any other nation advance for interfering with his country or refusing to extend toward

it the obligations of international laws. Bearing on the question whether the American government can acquire right to the Philippines from Spain by treaty, the memorial calls attention to "several notable and exact American precedents" and Agoncillo says he could ask for his country "no better fortune than to have the republic of America as at present constituted adhere to the teachings of international law as laid down by some of its founders."

A TRIUMPH OF SURGERY.

Tumor Is Removed from a Chicagoan's Brain and He Will Recover.

Chicago, Jan. 31.-With a drainage anal of rubber replacing an insanityproducing tumor in his brain, Joseph H. Sepec, a butcher who saw things 'double" for many months, is improving at Mercy hospital, where he was a few days ago the subject of an operation that is said to be unique in the history of American medical science. He came to the institution suffering from suicidal mania. Throbbing headaches made him believe his skull was being battered to pieces. His case was diagnosed as the hitherto incurable disease of brain tumor. Through the aid of a skiagraph picture the tumor

was located in the brain. The operation of trephining was suggested as affording a possible chance to save his life. The consent of his friends being gained, the operation was undertaken. When his skull bones were readjusted and he was left with two inches of rubber tubing imbedded as a miniature canal to drain away the pus accretions, Sepec's wonderful vitality helped him materially in the battle for his life.

No more does he see things "double" and the throbbing headaches are gone. Recent eaxminations have shown the lectors that the case has passed the danger point and in a few days the tube will be removed from his head.

Ore Worth 8500,000 a Ton.

Denver, Col., Jan. 31.-A special to the News from Cripple Creek says of the recent strike in the Isabella mine: Your correspondent saw chunks of sylvanite that were three inches thick and solid metal, and solid chunks of he ore of the same width that he whitled with his pocket knife. No assays save been made on the rock; it is not recessary, but pieces of the free ore rold run over \$500,000 per ton. The Mollie Gibson never produced any ore hat carried more ounces per ton than this Isabella ore does in gold."

Const Strewn with Wreekage. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 31,-The steamer Jucen City has reached here from the vest coast of Vancouver island, bringng the news that the Siwash Indians laim to have seen a large vessel which ad floated onto the rocks. There was o means of identifying the vessel. ome cases of fish, life buoys, planking, ulwarks and portions off the ship's eck house were also found by the Inians, but furnished no clue as to the tentity of the vessel. The captain of he Queen City says the coast from Quabine to Cape Scott is littered with wreckage.

Reward of \$20,000 Offered.

A wealthy lady recently lost a satchel containing jewels worth \$150,000, and now offers a reward of \$20,000 cash to the finder. The loss of health is far more serious than the loss of jewels, and yet it can be recovered without paying big rewards. A little money invested in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will restore strength to the weak, purify the blood, establish regularity of the bowels and help the stomach to properly digest the food taken into it. taken into it.

A Reason.

She—I don't see why they can't let the women vote?

He—Because, my dear, they are trying to keep it a secret ballot.—Philadelphia Bul-

Ever thus-heirs to aches and pains. St. Jacobs Oil's the doctor.

"Truth lies at the bottom of a well." But how can truth "lie" anywhere.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Give the Children a Drink alted Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, accurishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it, because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties, Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

The Right Way.

"And you say you ate horse steak in Paris? How was it served?"
"A la cart, of course."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Onts-24 1-2 Inches Long.

Oats-24 1-2 Inches Long.

The Oat marvel—what will 500,000 such long heads per acre weigh? 15,366 lbs.—480 Bushels! Such a yield pays big!

Cut this notice out and rend 10 cents postage to JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, LA CROSSE, WIS., and get their great catalogue and 10 Farm Seed Samples free; including Bromus Inermis, the greatest great on earth. Potetors \$1.20, RM. [6]

est grass on earth. Potatoes \$1.20 a Bbl. [g.]

The little dog always tries to bark as big as he can.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM.

Earnest Words From Women Who Have Been Relieved of Backache -Mrs. Pinkham Warns Against Neglect.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been thankful a thousand times, since I wrote our for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. I followed your adyou, for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. I followed your advice carefully, and now I feel like a different person. My troubles were backache, headache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation

and leucorrhoea. I took four bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am now well. I thank you again for the good you have done for me.—ELLA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio. Great numbers of such letters as the above are constantly being re-

ceived by Mrs. Pinkham from women who owe their health and happiness to her advice and medicine. Mrs. Pinkham's address Lynn, Mass. Her advice is of-fered free to all suffering women

who are puzzled about them-If you have backache don't neglectit, or try heroically to "work it down," you must reach the root of the trouble, and nothing will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable

Compound. Backache is accompanied by a lot of other acher and wearying sensations, but they nearly always come from the same source. Remove the cause of these distressing things, and you become well and strong. Mrs. S. J. SWANSON, of Gibson City, Ill., tells her experience in the following letter:
"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—Before using your medicine I was troubled with headache and my back ached so that I could not rest. Your medicine is the best I have ever used; it has relieved me of my troubles, and I feel like myself again.

Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham. "I would advise any one troubled with female weakness to take your medicine. I shall also recommend it wherever I can as a great reliever of pain.

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

After-Williams Effects CDII

Grip is a treacherous disease. You think it is cured and the slightest cold brings on a relapse.

Its victims are always left in a weakened condition — blood impure and impoverished; nerves shattered. Pneumonia, heart disease and nervous prostration are often the result.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will drive every trace of the poisonous germs from the system, build up and enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves. A trial will prove this. Read the evidence:

When the grip last visited this section Herman H. Eveler, of 81 W. Main St., Jefferson, Mo., a well-known contractor and builder, was one of the victims, and he has since been troubled with the after-effects of the disease. A year ago his health began to fail, and he was obliged to discontinue work. That he lives to-day is almost a miracle. He says:

"I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and a general debility. My back also pained me severely.

"I tried one doctor after another and numerous remedies suggested by my friends, but without apparent benefit, and began to give up hope. Then I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People extolled in a St. Louis paper, and after investigation decided to give them a trial.

"After using the first box I felt wonderfully relieved and was satisfied that the pills were putting me on the road to recovery. I bought two more boxes and continued taking them.

"After taking four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I am restored to good health. I feel like a new man, and having the will and energy of my former days returned, I am capable of transacting my business with increased ambition.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a wonderful medicine and any one suffering from the after-effects of the grip will find that these pills are the specific." H. H. Eveler. Mr. Eveler will gladly answer any inquiry regarding this if stamp is enclosed.—From Cote Co. Democrat, Jefferson City, Mo.

Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50c. per box. 6 boxes \$2.50.

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee.

The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs

about as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c. Try Grain=0! Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O







ULCERINE